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AND-1001-UTL1-CON1

AMENDMENT - Claims

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Please amend claims 383 and 388-390, as follows:



- 383. (currently amended) A method of identifying a T cell specific for an antigen of interest comprising:
 - a) contacting a biological sample containing T cells suspected of being specific for the an antigen of interest with an artificial antigen presenting cell that presents a peptide derived from the antigen of interest in order to form a complex comprised of a T cell specific for the antigen of interest and an artificial antigen presenting cell that presents the peptide derived from the antigen of interest, wherein the artificial antigen presenting cell comprises:
 - a liposome comprising a lipid bilayer, wherein the lipid bilayer is comprised of neutral phospholipids and cholesterol;
 - ii. at least one GM-1 ganglioside molecule disposed in the lipid bilayer;
 - iii. a cholera toxin ß subunit bound to <u>one of the</u> a GM-1 ganglioside molecules;
 - iv. an MHC component molecule loaded with the peptide derived from the antigen of interest, wherein the antigen-loaded MHC component molecule is bound to the cholera toxin ß subunit; and
 - v. an accessory molecule that can stabilize an interaction between a T cell receptor and the antigen-loaded MHC emponent molecule; and
 - b) detecting the complex, if formed, thereby identifying a T cell specific for the antigen of interest.

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- 384. (previously presented) A method according to claim 383 wherein the neutral phospholipids are phosphotidylcholine.
- 385. (previously presented) A method according to claim 383 further comprising the step of isolating from the complex the T cell specific for the antigen of interest.
- 386. (previously presented) A method according to claim 385 further comprising the step of characterizing a functional phenotype of the isolated T cells.
- 387. (previously presented) A method according to claim 383 wherein the biological sample is selected from the group consisting of whole blood, blood cells, blood plasma, and tissue.
- 388. (currently amended) A method according to claim 383 wherein the peptide derived from the antigen of interest is selected from the group consisting of a peptide, a peptide derived from a recipient of a graft, a cancer cell-derived peptide, a peptide derived from an allergen, a donor-derived peptide, a pathogen-derived molecule, and a peptide derived by epitope mapping, a self-derived molecule, and a self-derived molecule that has sequence identity with a pathogen derived antigen.
- 389. (currently amended) A method according to claim 383 wherein the artificial antigen presenting cell also comprises a label.
- 390. (currently amended) A method according to claim 389 wherein the label is bound to a molecule of the artificial antigen presenting cell selected from the group consisting of a neutral phospholipid, a cholesterol molecule, a GM-1 ganglioside molecule, a cholera toxin β subunit, an

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MHC component <u>molecule</u>, the peptide derived from the antigen of interest, and an accessory molecule.

391. (previously presented) A method according to claim 389 wherein the label is selected from the group consisting of biotin, vancomycin, a fluorochrome, FITC, and a radiolabel.